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//SENSING CURTAIN ARDUINO PROGRAM.
//May 11, 2010 Felecia Davis Final Project New Textiles
//Thanks to Leah Buechley for her assistance with this code.
//This needs to connect to the Arduino Wire Libraries

#include <Wire.h>

#define SLAVEWRT 0x48 // address of device during write cycle
#define SLAVERD 0x48 // address of device during read cycle

unsigned int mySensor = 0; // where capacitive sensor data is kept

int row0 = 9;
int row1= 10;
int row2= 11;
int column0 = 12;
int column1 =13;
int column2 = 14;

void setup()
{
    pinMode(row0, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(row1, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(row2, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(column0, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(column1, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(column2, OUTPUT);

    Wire.begin(); // sets up i2c for operation
    Serial.begin(9600); // set up baud rate for serial

    Wire.beginTransmission(SLAVEWRT); // start i2c cycle
    Wire.send(0xBF); // reset the device
    Wire.endTransmission(); // ends i2c cycle

    Wire.beginTransmission(SLAVEWRT); // begin write cycle
    Wire.send(0x0A); // point to config register
    Wire.send(0x01 | (7 << 3)); // calib. mode, slow sample
    Wire.endTransmission(); // ends cycle

    Wire.beginTransmission(SLAVEWRT); // begin write cycle
    Wire.send(0x07); // cap setup reg
    Wire.send(0x80); // cap enabled
}

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Wire.endTransmission(); // ends cycle

Wire.beginTransmission(SLAVEWRT); // begin write cycle
Wire.send(0x09); // EXC register
Wire.send(0x08); // EXC source A
Wire.endTransmission(); // ends cycle

Wire.beginTransmission(SLAVEWRT); // begin write cycle
Wire.send(0x0B); // CAPDAC A reg
Wire.send(0x00 | 39); // capdac a is on, offset about 1.2pF
Wire.endTransmission(); // ends cycle

Wire.beginTransmission(SLAVEWRT); // begin write cycle
Wire.send(0x0A); // configuration register
Wire.send(0x01 | (7 << 3)); // continuous mode
Wire.endTransmission(); // ends cycle

}

void loop() // main program begins
{
    Wire.beginTransmission(SLAVERD); // begin read cycle
    Wire.send(0x01); //pointer to first cap data register
    Wire.endTransmission(); // end cycle

    Wire.requestFrom(SLAVERD,4); // reads 4 bytes

    byte data[3];
    int i = 0;
    while(Wire.available())
    {
        char c = Wire.receive();
        data[i] = c;
        i++;
    }
    mySensor = ((data[1]<<8)+data[2]);
    Serial.println(mySensor);
    //delay(1000);
    if (mySensor < 43280)// its just on
    {
        turnOn (0,0);
        //turnOn (1,1);
        //turnOn (2,2);
    }
    else if (mySensor < 43310)// hand 1/4 in away
    {

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turnOn (0,0);
turnOn (0,1);
turnOn (0,2);

// turnOn (0,2);
//turnOn(1,1);
//turnOn(2,0);
}

else if (mySensor < 43360)// hand on
{
    turnOn (0,2);
    turnOn (1,2);
    turnOn (2,2);
    // turnOn (1,0);
    //turnOn (1,1);
    //turnOn (1,2);
    //turnOn (2,0);
    //turnOn (2,1);
    //turnOn (2,2);
}

else if (mySensor <43480 )
{

    turnOn (0,0);
    turnOn (0,1);
    turnOn (0,2);
    turnOn (1,0);
    turnOn (1,1);
    turnOn (1,2);
    turnOn (2,0);
    turnOn (2,1);
    turnOn (2,2);
    //loopLights();
    //turnOn (1,1);
}
} //end of loop

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void loopLights()
{
    int x,y;
    for (x=0;x<3;x++)
    {
        for(y=0;y<3;y++)
        {

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        turnOn(x,y);
    }
}

void allOff()
{
    digitalWrite(row0, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(row1, HIGH);
    digitalWrite(row2, HIGH);

    digitalWrite(column0, LOW);
    digitalWrite(column1, LOW);
    digitalWrite(column2, LOW);
}

void turnOn (int x, int y)
{
    //control rows
    if (x==0)
    {
        digitalWrite(row0, LOW);
    }
    else if (x==1)
    {
        digitalWrite(row1, LOW);
    }
    else if (x==2)
    {
        digitalWrite(row2, LOW);
    }
    //control columns
    if (y==0)
    {
        digitalWrite(column0, HIGH);
    }
    else if (y==1)
    {
        digitalWrite(column1, HIGH);
    }
    else if (y==2)
    {
        digitalWrite(column2, HIGH);
    }
}
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delay(1);
allOff();
}
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