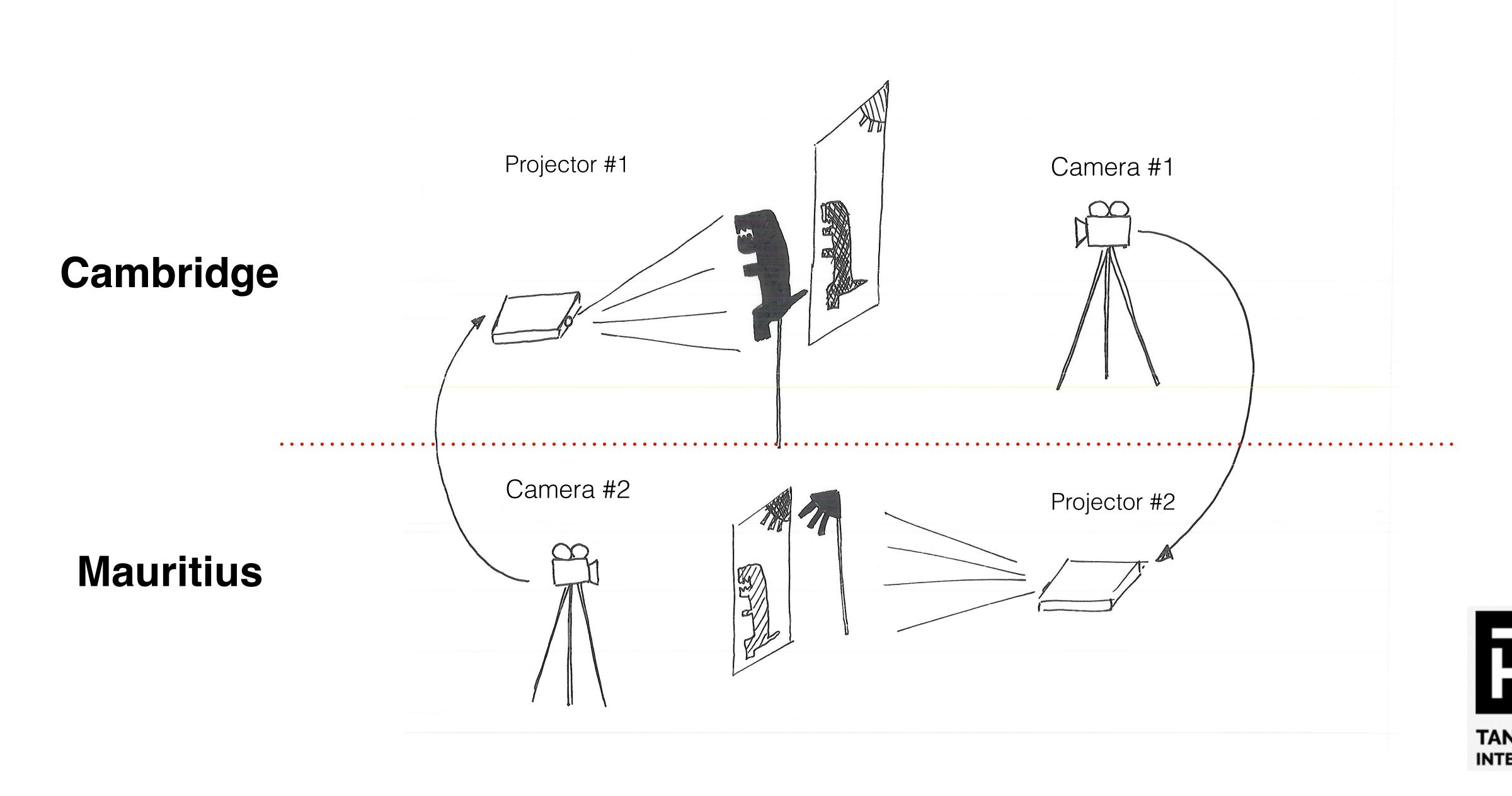


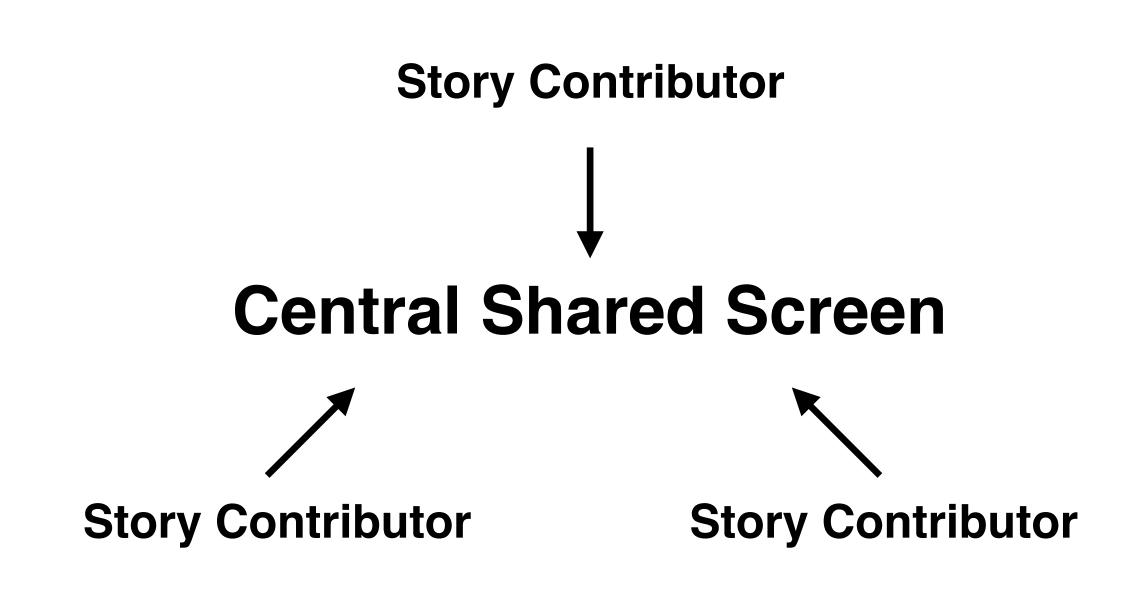
## DIGITAL SHADOWS | CONCEPT SCHEMATICS

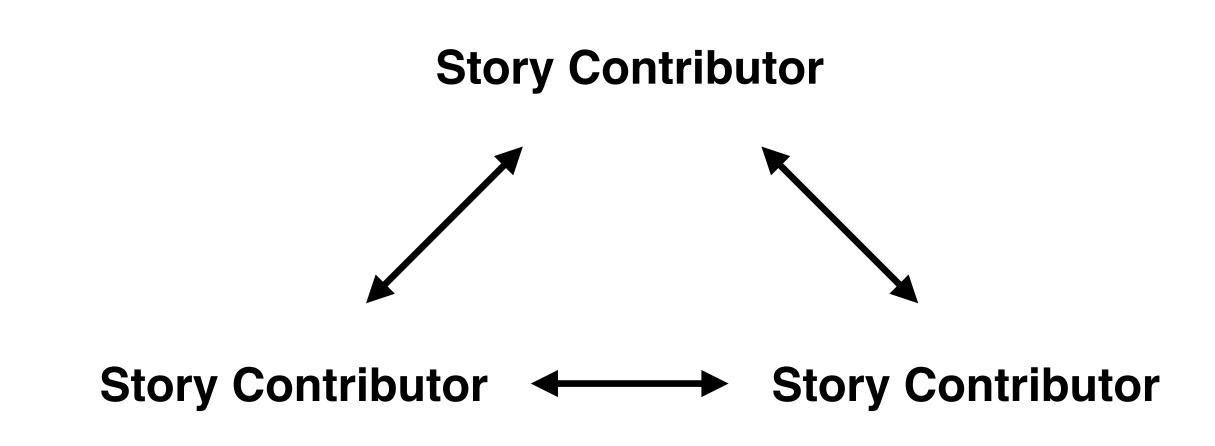




## **DIGITAL SHADOWS | SYSTEM ARCHITECTURES**

Symmetric vs Asymmetric architectures: ullet







### DIGITAL SHADOWS | STRUCTURE, SETUP AND USE







## DIGITAL SHADOWS | AFFORDANCES

#### Physical Affordances

#### Shared Affordances

#### Digital Affordances



## DIGITAL SHADOWS | PHYSICAL AFFORDANCES

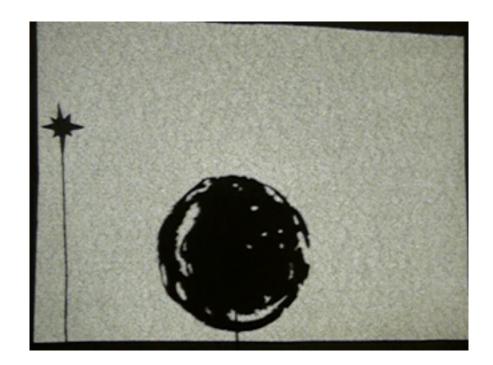


The physical affordances follow the laws of physics. They are governed by the nature of light, qualities and motion of the shadow-casting object and the skill of the operator.

1. Movement

2. Scale/Blurriness (coupled because of the non-point nature of the light source).









## DIGITAL SHADOWS | DIGITAL AFFORDANCES

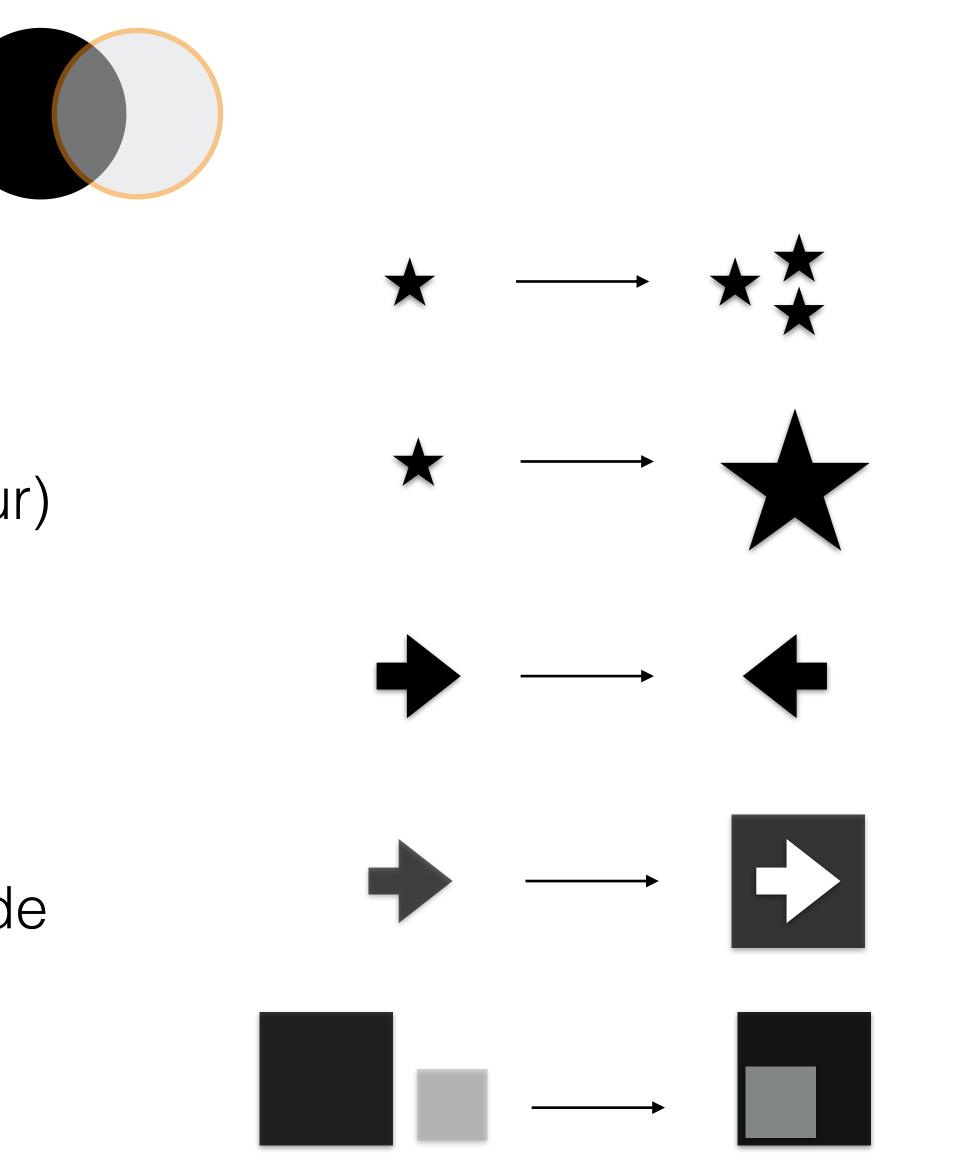
#### 1. Multiplication

#### 2. Digital scaling (without blur)

#### 3. Mirroring

4. Inversion of light and shade

5. Layering of shadows





## DIGITAL SHADOWS | DIGITAL AFFORDANCES

- not limited\* to the rules of physics or the local setting.
- enhance their own physical presence-locally or with respect to others.
- medium.

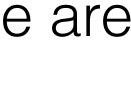
\* to a certain degree

• The digital affordances are new affordances added to the medium by our system. These are

• Digital control lets users affect the physical presence of other users who are far away or

### They add another layer of interactivity, collaboration and richness to the

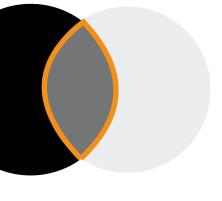




## **DIGITAL SHADOWS | SHARED AFFORDANCES**

## Both approaches afford control over:

- Sharpness of image
- Size of an image
- Movement in space









## DIGITAL SHADOWS | BENEFITS OF THE SYSTEM

- Accommodates multiple users .
- Facilitates non-verbal communication (Visual, Physical, Sound?)
- Collaborative storytelling: The storyline is ever evolving and changeable, controlled by all participants separately and together.
- Each side can physically induces changes in his location or digitally
- induce changes to the overall story (Both locally or in other locations)
- The system lets users be active or passive.



## DIGITAL SHADOWS | TECHNOLOGICAL DIFFICULTIES

## FEEDBACK!!!





## **DIGITAL SHADOWS | POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS**

1. Digital background subtraction at each location. camera+standard projector.

# 2. Physical background subtraction: Use an IR source+IR

